

# CHINA

THE

# MAIL.

Established February, 1845,

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXV. No. 4931. 一八七九年四月廿八號

HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1879.

日八初月三閏年卯己

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET & CO., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate-Circus. E. O. BATES, HENRY & CO., 4, Old Jewry. E. C. SAMUEL DRAGON & CO., 160 & 164, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—LEON DE ROSY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BRAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS.—SAYLE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HEINZEN & CO., Manila.

CHINA.—MASS, A. A. DE MELLO & CO., Swatow. CAMPBELL & CO., Amoy. WILSON, NICHOLLS & CO., Foochow. HEDGE & CO., Shanghai. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND, 1,300,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman—Hon. W. KEEWICK.  
E. R. BEILIUS, Esq. WILHELM REINERS,  
H. L. DALTRYMPLE, Esq.  
H. HORPIUS, Esq. F. D. SASOON, Esq.  
A. MOLVER, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER.  
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits.—  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,  
No. 1, Queen's Road East.  
Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 8% per Annum.  
" 6 " 7 1/2 " "  
" 12 " 6 " "

On Current Accounts at Rates which can be ascertained at their Office.

D. A. J. CROMBIE,  
Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,  
Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, \$300,000.  
RESERVE FUND, \$160,000.

Bankers,  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,  
THE CITY BANK.

THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkong grants Drafts on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

Hongkong, April 21, 1879.

Entertainment.

BILLIARDS !!!

STAG HOTEL / STAG HOTEL !!

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !!

M. R. HERBERT ROBERTS,  
Champion Hand Stroke Player.

— AND —

M. R. FRED. SHORTER,  
Third Best Billiard Player in  
the World.

WILL GIVE THEIR  
FIRST ENTERTAINMENT,  
at the above HOTEL,  
THIS EVENING,

the 28th April, 1879.

Play to Commence at.....9 p.m.

Admission.....\$2.

PROGRAMME OF PLAY.

750 sp. vds, Roberts receiving 200.

After which a  
GAME OF FANCY CANNONS  
will take place—Hand versus Cue.

Hongkong, April 28, 1879.

sp29

Intimations.

HONGKONG ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERLY ROOM, 19th April, 1879.

It is notified that the DRILLS at present in course will be altered until further Orders to TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, and not, as heretofore, viz., TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS.

A. COXON,  
Captain-Commandant H. K. A. V.

NOTICE.

GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

I have THIS DAY handed over charge  
of the Company's Station at this  
place, to Mr A. SUENSON.

C. A. SCHULTZ,  
Secretary,  
Acting Superintendent.

REFERRING to the above, I beg to  
notify that I have THIS DAY again  
taken over charge of the Company's Office  
at this place.

A. SUENSON,  
Superintendent.

Hongkong, April 23, 1879.

sp30

NOTICE.

THE Business of the Undersigned will  
in future be conducted under the  
firm of SHAW & DANBY.

SHARP & Co.,  
Estate Agents and Valuators.

WILHELM DANBY, C. E.,  
Architect and Surveyor.

No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
lately occupied by  
Messrs E. D. SASOON & Co.

Hongkong, April 17, 1879.

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PHOTOGRAPHY.

C. P. Q. P. P. L. B. A. U. M.  
begs to announce to the Community of  
Hongkong that he has taken over the  
BUSINESS of Mr H. SCHUREN—well  
known in Hongkong—and is prepared to  
take PHOTOGRAPHS daily from 8 a.m.  
till 1 p.m. Having previously been employed  
by Mr SCHUREN, and had long experience in  
some of the most Celebrated Studios in  
EUROPE, he will take any Work in  
PHOTOGRAPHY, and is able to guarantee  
satisfaction to all who favour him with  
their Patronage. Photographs enlarged to  
life-size and finished in Artistic Style.  
Any Pictures not meeting with the approval  
of Patrons will not be charged for.

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO,

Wynham Street.

Hongkong, April 21, 1879.

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DENTAL NOTICE.

D. R. ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI  
during the Summer Months, leaving  
Hongkong on the 1st of April next; and  
returning about 1st November.

Hongkong, February 10, 1878.

my20

NOTICE.

FROM the 1st of October,  
DR EASTLACKE will receive his  
PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS,  
No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, over the  
MEDICAL HALL.

Hongkong, September 28, 1878.

my20



# MAIL.

Established February, 1845,

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1879.

日八初月三閏年卯己

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

Intimations.

## EX LATE ARRIVALS.

CALCUTTA SUN HATS and HELMETS in New Shapes.

CHRISTY'S SUMMER STRAW and FELT HATS.

ELLWOOD'S EXTRA LIGHT PATENT AIR CHAMBER HELMETS.

FRENCH LIGHT SUMMER BOOTS & SHOES, CANVAS SHOES.

ELECTRO-PLATED ICE PAILS, ICE TONGS, ICE SHOVELS, ICE PITCHERS.

THE NEW ELECTRO-PLATED READING LAMPS for Kerosine, perfectly safe.

ELECTRO-PLATED CIGAR LAMPS, LAWN TENNIS BATS and BALLS.

POCKET SIPHONIAS and WATERPROOF COATS.

AUTOMATON UMBRELLAS, PERFUMERY and TOILET SOAPS.

INDIA RUBBER AIR BEDS, CUSHIONS and PILLOWS.

THE NEW CHIT BOOKS, MAPS OF AFGHANISTAN.

CAFETIERES, COCOA-NUT MATTING & MATS.

New SCARVES, BRACES and COLLARS.

The PATENT LIFE JACKETS and SWIMMING BELTS.

MEERSCHAUM and BRIAR PIPES. Dr LA RUE's and AMERICAN

PLAYING CARDS.

The Celebrated HUNYADI JANOS MINERAL WATER.

SPRATT'S FIBRINE DUG BISCUITS. MAGNIFYING GLASSES.

MAPS OF CHINA.

A Large COLLECTION OF WORKS OF REFERENCE.

FAMILY SCALES.

OVERLAND TRUNKS.

DOG COLLARS.

ALBUMS.

SCRAP BOOKS.

SHIFMAN'S OFFICE FILES.

COPYING PRESSES.

CLARETS, SAUTERNES and OTHER LIGHT SUMMER WINES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, April 2, 1879.

## ROSE & Co.,

31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD,

BEG to inform their numerous Patrons that they have received, Ex French and English Mails and other late Arrivals, their NEW GOODS for the Season.

CONSISTING OF—

The New "ETONA" CLOTHS, YOSEMITES, MUSLINS, GALATEAS, &c., &c.,  
for LADIES' Dresses.

Also, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS, in all the Newest Shapes.

BOYS' SAILOR HATS, in the New Styles.

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES, PEERLESS GLOSS.

A Good Selection of English and French FLOWERS and FEATHERS.

2-BUTTON and 6-BUTTON KID GLOVES, in sizes of 3 and 6 pairs.

COSTUMES and Paris MILLINERY, SUNSHADES.

COLLARS and SLEEVES, in the Newest Designs.

VALE

## THE CHINA MAIL.

## Auctions.

FURNITURE SALE.  
AUCTION OF ELEGANT ENGLISH AND CANTON-MADE FURNITURE, PIANO, MIRRORS, LARGE TELESCOPE, AQUARIUM, &c., &c.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have been instructed by J. McCALLUM, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, at his Residence, No. 6, Mosque Terrace, on

TUESDAY,

the 29th Instant, at 2 o'clock p.m.,—

The whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.—Comprising: Drawing-room Suite, covered with Green Rep; Handsome Blackwood Tables, with Marble-tops; Walnut Centre Table; A Rosewood Cottage Piano, by Collard and Collard; Chimney-piece Mirrors, Carpets, Cretonne and Lace Curtains, Book Case and Books, Pictures, &c., &c.

Dining Table and Chairs, Side-board, Whatnots, Dinner and Dessert Services, Cut Glassware, Electro-Plated Ware, Silver Crucifix Stand, &c., Cutlery, Fender and Fire Irons, &c., &c.

BED-ROOM FURNITURE—Comprising: Iron Bedstead, Chairs, Lady's Mahogany Wardrobe, with Mirror Door and Wings; Toilet Tables and Mirrors, Washstand and Service, a Wilson's Sewing-Machine in Walnut Cabinet, &c., &c., &c.

To be on view after Noon on Monday. Catalogues will be issued.

Hongkong, April 26, 1879. ap29

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

ELEGANT ENGLISH-MADE HOUSE-HOLD FURNITURE, ENGRAVINGS, OLEOPHOTOGRAPHS, CHROMOS, GLASSWARE, PLATED WARE, PIANO, &c., &c., &c.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 30th of April, 1879, at 2 p.m., at No. 24, Gage Street, Corner of Peel Street,

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., comprising:—

English-made Mahogany Drawing-room Suite.

English-made Mahogany Centre Table, Arm Chair, Easy Chairs, Whatnots, Chimney Glasses, Brussels Carpet, Rugs, Engravings, Oleographs, Statuettes, and Ornaments.

English-made Mahogany Bedstead, with Spring Mattress; Wardrobes, Chest of Drawers, Cheval Glass, Toilet Tables, Washing-stands, Writing Tables, Dining, Dessert, and Breakfast Sets, Glassware, Plated Ware, &c., &c.

A Cottage Piano, by Iwanian, Lubeck, almost new, and in splendid tune, &c., &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued, and the whole to be on view on Tuesday, the 29th April.

TERMS OF SALE.—As customary, F. RAPP, Auctioneer,

Hongkong, April 25, 1879. ap30

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously disposed of by private contract;

THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY, Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of the most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES of GROUND, close to the water, viz.:—Inland Lots Nos. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built Dwelling House and BUSINESS PREMISES, erected specially for the purpose only a few years since, together with the MACHINEY, ENGINES, STILLS, VATS, STOCK, and TRADE FURNITURE and Fixtures.

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON, Solicitors, Supreme Court House, Hongkong.

Hongkong, March 5, 1879.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargoes are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for counter-signature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.

McFire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

Ex "Yangtze."

B 1 to Mr A. Marti, No. 1, 1 case Arms, from Marseille.

Ex "Anadyr."

Lient. Jonbert, Hanoi, 2 cases War, from Saigon.

Ex "Peito."

A M (in diamond) { No. 3, Order, 1 case.

B 1.8..... Cotton, from Iodon.

B 2 Order, 22 bags Stones, from Madras.

Ex "Sind."

M 70 20 boxes Tobacco, from London.

X 3 (in diamond) { No. 105, Order, 1 case.

P U..... Linen, from London.

Hongkong, April 24, 1879.

## Notices to Consignees

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

## To-day's Advertisements.

## NOTICE.

New York, 1st March, 1879.

MY Business in CHINA will in future be under the Name of JNO. L. ANDERSON & CO.

My BROTHER, Mr. C. E. ANDERSON, will, in my absence from China, sign the Firm's Name by Procuration.

JNO. L. ANDERSON.

Hongkong, April 28, 1879. my3

won by 300, making two splendid breaks, one of 271, chiefly off the spot stroke, and an all-round of 129, without the aid of the spot. On the third meeting, Mr Shorter, who was again in splendid form, won the game by nearly 300. After finishing the three nights' engagement at Emmerson's, they played at the Chinese Club 500 up. Stanley took the lead, and kept it until the game was called.—Stanley 461, Shorter 330. The latter took up the cue, and won the game off the balls, making the magnificent break of 170 unfinished, for which he was loudly and deservedly applauded.

The next and last entertainment was played at the German Club; when Mr Shorter again proved his superiority by 240 points, his best breaks being 157 and 140.

Mr Hon. C. May died on board the mail steamer *Khris* on Friday last, and was buried at sea on Saturday. This announcement, which arrived by wire from Singapore this afternoon, will be something of a shock to the community, especially to those who were intimately acquainted with the gentleman who had just started for home—to die. It was feared by many that Mr May would never reach home alive; but the disease has done its work with a rapidity which becomes almost tragic. Only a few weeks ago, and we were freely criticising the Yesso decision, in which he took part; and not more than two or three weeks since he seemed to a casual observer to be hale and hearty as of old. It was with some misgiving, however, that we penned the few lines of temporary farewell, published in these columns before his departure; and now the secret fears of his relations and friends have been but too suddenly realized. Although it cannot be said that Mr May was a young man, or a "man in his prime," he was one of those residents who so retained his youthful buoyancy and capacity for work almost to the end, that his death may almost be said to be premature. Mr May, however, was not only full of years, but he was an officer, as we have frequently said, who had done well and worked hard for a long period of years. His death has deprived the Colony of a faithful servant, an experienced advisor, and a genial, honest resident. Many of our readers will naturally think of and sympathise with those whom he has left behind, and whose tender nursing has apparently been of so little avail.

An inquest was held this afternoon at the Tung Wah Hospital on the body of Lo A-shing, a watchman, aged 65 years. The Jury comprised Messrs G. Piercy, C. E. Schaar, and H. F. Pincherne. It would appear from the evidence that deceased, who was employed as a watchman at a mattocker's shop, missed his footing and fell down the steps. He was placed on his bed and lay groaning, but the only visible mark of injury was a scratch on the nose. At 6 a.m. the next day he appeared worse, and shortly afterwards died. The body was taken to the Tung Wah Hospital.—Dr. Lam Chi Chun deposed to the cause of death, which he said was fracture of the skull.—A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A second inquest was held on the body of Lai A-tsun, a coolie, at the same Hospital, and before the same jury. It appears that deceased was employed washing the hold on board the S. S. *Braemar Castle*, and accidentally owing from one of the beams, severely hitting his head. He was removed at once to the Tung Wah Hospital by his friends, and died at 10 a.m. yesterday. A verdict of accidental death was recorded in this case also.

The remanded case in which George Avel, Angel Comenos, J. Single, J. Wilkins, P. Francke, and J. Tangle, seamen belonging to the British ship *Cilurnum*, were charged with refusal of duty, came on again to-day, at the Marine Court. Captain McMurdo, Government Marine Surveyor, deposed to his having examined the rigging, masts and provisions of the *Cilurnum* at the request of the Magistrate. The masts were properly stayed, and there was not a vestige of excuse for a man refusing to go to sea in her. The ship was a first-class ship, and there was not a better ship coming to the port. The forecastle was large and roomy, and the seamen's quarters everything that could be desired. The provisions were of first-class quality. The topmasts were perfectly stayed, and there was quite sufficient spread for the backstays; the rigging was perfectly fitted in every way.

Peter Wilders, the steward, deposed to the quantity of provisions the crew received, which, he said, was according to the scale agreed upon. In harbour they received 1 lb. fresh beef, 1 lb. of potatoes, and 1 lb. of flour on Sunday, and besides this they got coffee, tea, sugar, and a much bread as ever they liked. The men had never complained of not getting enough to eat. Witness had been to sea 18 or 19 years, and the scale of provisions was the same as he had always seen issued. The quality of the beef and pork was superior to any he had ever seen before on board ship. He (witness) had never seen any of the crew ill-used. Witness was not in the least afraid to go to sea in the ship.

Captain Beadle, stated that the vessel was 54 days in port before she went to sea on the last occasion, and none of the crew had asked to go on shore to complain about the provisions or the state of the rigging. On the two occasions complained of by the crew of the *Tessell* being discharged, the

first time the fore-top-mast was carried away and the main top-mast sprung. This happened in the Bay of Biscay during very heavy weather, when several ships were dismasted. The defendants had never complained of ill-treatment. Wilkins had spoken about the mate having sworn at him, and witness spoken to the mate about it. Witness was quite willing to take the defendant to sea in the ship.

The 2nd and 5th defendants complained of being too ill to work and were sent to the Colonial Surgeon for examination. The 6th defendant was ordered to forfeit 6 days pay, and sent on board with a recommendation that he be put to light work only; the others were all sent to 12 weeks' hard labour each, at order of the Captain.

We have to acknowledge receipt of a small pamphlet printed in Amoy, entitled, "A Chapter from the Chinese Gospel," being the fifth of the interesting Occasional Papers on Chinese Philosophy written by Mr Chaloner Alabaster. Wonderful as it is that Confucius has enchain'd the Chinese people for more than twenty centuries—spite of his apparent lack of poetry, of deep philosophy, or of surprisingly excellent morality—Mr Alabaster says that "in future generation, when the age of analogies is past and China like other languages comes to be really understood, it will be found that the difference between the Chinese and the European mind is after all not very great; that the power of Confucius is due to his excellence, and that he is fully entitled to a position in the Pantheon among the sages of antiquity as one of the greatest masters of mankind."

If anybody in Hongkong lost, or had stolen from them some time ago, a silver lever watch, made by Roskell of Liverpool, or a wedding ring, marked inside "H. H. N. 1845," they may be interested in the following paragraph which we cut from the North China Daily News:

A well-dressed Cantonese jeweller, who came from Hongkong about a month ago, and has been staying in a shop near the Astor Hotel, was charged with having defrauded a native pawnbroker of about \$100. Soon after his arrival he commenced to pawn jewellery, principally chains, which he represented to be gold. He pawned seven of these on separate occasions, and a day or two ago he wished to pawn another. The pawnbroker's suspicions were aroused by the number of chains the prisoner was in a position to pawn. He examined all the chains he had received from him, and was surprised to find they were not gold but brass, with a thin coating of the finer metal, and he had the prisoner arrested. He was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, among the other articles he had pawned was a silver lever watch, made by Roskell of Liverpool, and a wedding ring, the latter being stamped inside "H. H. N. 1845." As these are believed to belong to some foreigner, probably some one living in Hongkong, they were handed over to Inspector Fowler, who will keep them for a month, and steps will be taken to discover the owner.

As a proof of the lovely moderation with which some of the California folks deal with the Anti-immigration of Chinese Bill, the following is interesting:

"The Citizens of Hollister met to protest against a veto of the anti Chinese Bill. Judge May was called on for a speech, and says the *Advocate*, "mounted a dry goods box, and in his usual and stirring style depicted the evils of Chinese immigration, merely from a moral standpoint, leaving the financial part of the question entirely out of the discussion. He stigmatized the Chinese as a foul, filthy, lousy, dirty, baboon-bred race, totally incapable of civilization in the slightest degree." After all, say the *Adv.*, it is little wonder that some of those Eastern papers think we are all hoodlums."

Hodge & Co.'s Weekly Shipping Reports, Pagoda Anchorage, 19th April, 1879.—

Arrivals During the Week.—April 13, Quickstep, from Shanghai; 13, Nomos, from Hongkong; 13, Kerguelan, from Hongkong; 13, Sheldrake, from Bangkok; 13, Hong Kong, from Sharp Peak; 16, Douglas, from Hongkong; 16, Forward Ho, from Shanghai; 17, Europe, from Shanghai; 18, Tai Yew, from Shanghai.

Departures During the Week.—April 12, for Sharp Peak; 15, Namou, for Hongkong; 15, H. Umann, for Shanghai; 18, Ling Feng, for Amoy.

Shipping in Port.—April 8, Lulu; 8, Queen of the West; 13, Quickstep; 13, Sheldrake; 13, Hamburg; 16, Douglas, 16, Forward Ho; 17, Europe; 18, Tai Yew.

SIGNOR CAGLIO, Director of an Italian Opera Company, was expected to arrive in Singapore about the 22nd instant, with his troupe.

CAPTAIN Edward Wingfield Shaw, who, since December, 1868, has filled the position of Lieutenant Governor of Malacca, died at Singapore on the 18th. Deceased, who was a retired Captain of the Royal Navy, served as Lieutenant on board H.M.S. *Plumper* on the West Coast of Africa in 1853-54, also as a gunnery officer on the *Gold Coast*; he was Private Secretary to the Governor-in-Chief of the Leeward Islands in 1863; and he administered the government of Montserrat from April 1865 to March 1866, and was in 1868 appointed Lieutenant Governor of Malacca.

The number of paragraphs sprinkled all over the American papers to the question now so agitating the public mind is tremendous. The following is not a bad sample of the way the subject is utilized—Dialogue reported by the Nevada City Transcript:

"Bachelor Jones—" The State would be better off if every Chinaman was kicked out of it tomorrow." Bachelor Jones—"Marry some nice girl, and have it done at home." Chorus by six eligible young ladies, who happened to overhear Jones and his friend talking—"The Chinese must go!"

#### THE POLICE RAID ON COINERS AT KOWLOON.

On Saturday night, or rather early on Sunday morning, the Police made a raid on a house in which it was suspected coining was going on, near the village of Tau-Ka-Wan, and succeeded, not without considerable trouble and danger, in capturing the inmates, twenty-one in number, with all the moulds and utensils used in coining cash, and any number of spurious cash in all stages of preparedness. It appears that for some time past complaints have been made by the Chinese that quantities of spurious cash were in circulation. These spurious cash were not the mil or Hongkong cash, but the Chinese cash in ordinary use on the mainland. The Police have therefore been on the look-out to endeavour to detect where these spurious coins came from, as there was reason to believe they were coined in this neighbourhood.

On Saturday night, in consequence of information received, Inspector Cameron, with eight policemen (Europeans and Chinese), all armed, prepared to enter a house situated near Tau-Ka-Wan. The house (double one) stands alone, and was supposed to have been tenanted by stone-cutters. On arriving at the house about 4 a.m. yesterday morning, they entered the compound, and demanded admittance to the house; but the inmates, who had evidently been forewarned of the approach of the Police, refused to admit them, and made such a formidable resistance with spears, bricks and stones that it was deemed advisable to use a little strategy. The Inspector therefore drew his men off, and so placed them round the outer wall that they could watch the house from every point, and further assistance was sent for. The inmates sent out a dog to reconnoitre, trusting to the antipathy of these brutes towards foreigners. The dog went to the gate and seeing the European "devils" at once set up an appropriate howl. One of the inmates then ascended to the roof in order to obtain a bird's-eye view of the position of the besiegers; but catching sight of the muzzle of a rifle, he quietly disappeared again. This pleasant game of hide-and-seek was kept up till daylight, when one of the coiners, thinking that perhaps the coast was clear, ventured outside and was at once placed *horde de combat* and secured. The rest of the gang seeing this, and doubtless considering their case a desperate one, resolved to make a bold rush for it; but the villagers of Hong Kong having heard of the affair, began to flock to the spot, doubtless having a remembrance of the recent raid on their own village fresh in their mind; and the coiners were soon convinced of the hopelessness of further resistance. The capitulated were taken charge of by the Police and marched off. The furnaces for melting, the metal, blocks, moulds, spurious cash &c., all unmistakable indications of the kind of business being carried on, were discovered, and taken charge of. Another man was afterwards arrested on this side of the water, and on him was found a letter from Mr Brereton having reference to the case. The men were charged before the magistrate (C. B. Plunket, Esq.) to-day, and below we give a report of the proceedings. One notable feature in this case is that the metal used in the coining appears to consist of the downspouts, old sheeting from ship's bottoms and old utensils used for cooking, &c. Probably most of the stolen articles of this description find their way to the melting pots of coiners.

#### Police Intelligence.

(Before Mr. C. V. Creagh, and Hon. C. B. Plunket, Magistrates.)

Monday, April 26.

Chau Ahing, a seaman, was charged by his employer Mr Thomas Ido Bowler with absconding from his duty without permission. The defendant it appears had been engaged by Mr Bowler on the 7th instant to rig a boat, and on the 13th or 14th instant he borrowed \$3 from Mr Bowler, since which time he had been very insolent; he was absent from his duty for eight hours yesterday. Defendant said that he was sick, and wanted to consult a doctor; he did not think it would be right to go to his master's house and ask leave on a Sunday. Fined \$2.

William Goldsmith, fireman British air. Bea Gloe, and Orland McIntosh, seaman British air. *Braemar Castle*, were charged with being drunk and incapable; the latter fell into the water from Puddars' Wharf. They were fined 50 cents each.

James Limmond, master of the British barque *Queen of India*, was fined \$1 with the alternative of four days' imprisonment, for being drunk and incapable at Praya Central.

Thomas Brown, seaman, British ship *Ondeida*, and Joseph Moulton, seaman British ship *Braemar Castle*, were each fined \$2 with the alternative of four days' imprisonment for being drunk and disorderly.

Chung Akit, a fireman, was fined \$8 with the alternative of five days' hard labour, and was further ordered to be exposed in the stocks, publicly, for three hours, for abusing a woman in the street and calling her by her name.

Chung Asau, a farmer, was charged with being found in possession of 9 tins of prepared opium valued at \$140, and was fined \$250, the opium to be forfeited to the *Opium Farmer*; Farmer in default of payment to go to gaol for three months with hard labour.

Kumaki Kitcho and five others, Chinese seamen, were charged by Inspector Craddock with fighting and creating a disturbance in the house of a seaman belonging to the S. S. *Malacca* named Louis Sargano, and the first prisoner was further charged with cutting and wounding the complainant, who had to be removed to the 2nd proximal, defendants being admitted to bail, the 1st in \$50 and the others in \$25 each.

Frank Harry and Charles Smith, seamen, belonging to the American ship *Zubr*, were charged with assaulting a prostitute named Anna Green, and creating a disturbance at her house, No. 2 Gage Street. It appears that the defendant with two others broke into complainant's house, and upon her remonstrating, one of them struck her with his open hand. The 2nd defendant admitted that he struck the complainant, but not before she seized hold of him. The 1st defendant was discharged and the 2nd was fined \$7, in default 10 days' hard labour.

Ching Pak Sing, a junk master, Fung Aping, a opium dealer, Fung Apo, a cook, and Fung Ayim and nine others, coolies, were charged with being found in a public gambling house at Nos. 243 and 245 Queen's Road East. Two of the defendants were fined \$50 each, in default 8 months' hard labour; 6th, 7th and 8th defendants \$4 each; in default 10 days' imprisonment; the others were discharged.

In Akwong, a boy 13 years of age, who stood about three feet nothing in his shoes, was charged with stealing \$4 in money, one letter and an umbrella, the property of one Mah Awan, a letter carrier, his foster father's brother. A letter containing four silver dollars was left, with a number of others, and an umbrella was hanging on the wall. When complainant returned the defendant was not to be seen, and the letter, money, and umbrella were missed, besides \$2,400 cash. Information was given to the police, and defendant was found on the Recreation Ground and given into custody. Defendant admitted having stolen the money, but not the cash or umbrella; he knew nothing of them. He had bought a purse for twenty cents, and some food, the balance \$4.20 was all that remained. Mr Creagh sentenced the young vagrant to 14 days' solitary confinement.

#### THE KOWLOON COUNTERFEIT COINERS

This afternoon, at 2.30, the Kowloon counterfeiters apprehended on Sunday morning were brought before the Court, Hon. C. B. Plunket on the bench. They were arrested by virtue of a warrant granted by Mr C. V. Creagh, Senior Magistrate, and were charged with counterfeiting certain monies, and with being in possession of dies, moulds, and prints, in contravention of the 22nd, 23rd, and 24th Sections of Ordinance No. 10 of 1866, and further with resisting their lawful apprehension in a house near Tau Ka Wan, British Kowloon. The prisoners—Chu U Fai of the Ping Keong Hong, the master of the concern who was arrested later on in the day in Hongkong, and twenty-one others—presented rather a formidable array, forming three sides of a hollow square, in the small court-house. The square was not exactly hollow, by the way, for the criminal scoundrels surrounded a table at which the inmates then ascended to the roof in order to obtain a bird's-eye view of the position of the besiegers; but catching sight of the muzzle of a rifle, he quietly disappeared again. This pleasant game of hide-and-seek was kept up till daylight, when one of the coiners, thinking that perhaps the coast was clear, ventured outside and was at once placed *horde de combat* and secured. The rest of the gang seeing this, and doubtless considering their case a desperate one, resolved to make a bold rush for it; but the villagers of Hong Kong having heard of the affair, began to flock to the spot, doubtless having a remembrance of the recent raid on their own village fresh in their mind; and the coiners were soon convinced of the hopelessness of further resistance. The capitulated were taken charge of by the Police and marched off. The furnaces for melting, the metal, blocks, moulds, spurious cash &c., all unmistakable indications of the kind of business being carried on, were discovered, and taken charge of. Another man was afterwards arrested on this side of the water, and on him was found a letter from Mr Brereton having reference to the case. The men were charged before the magistrate (C. B. Plunket, Esq.) to-day, and below we give a report of the proceedings.

One notable feature in this case is that the metal used in the coining appears to consist of the downspouts, old sheeting from ship's bottoms and old utensils used for cooking, &c. Probably most of the stolen articles of this description find their way to the melting pots of coiners.

Capt. Deane said:—In this case, your

Worship, the Counsel who is to prosecute will be here directly, but now, to save time, and with permission of Mr Brereton, I will briefly state the facts we intend to prove.

An information was sworn in this case in this Court, and warrants granted, against the residents of a house in Tau-Ka-Wan for manufacturing spurious copper coin, or coin of a less value than silver. That warrant was executed on Sunday morning by Inspector Cameron, who with some European assistance, and Chinese Constable demanded admission into the house in virtue of that warrant. Admission was refused, and being again demanded, and those in the house evicted, he was again refused admission. He then broke open the door, and was met by a body of men armed with spears who resisted their entrance, and threw bricks and other missiles at them. They surrounded the house until daylight and then the police apprehended the whole of those who were in the house, twenty-one in number. Furnaces, dies, moulds, in fact a complete set of utensils for coining were found in the house. The coins they were manufacturing were Hainan cash, Hainan belonging to the Emperor of China.

The first witness was then called and examined by the Magistrate, until the arrival of Mr Sharp. The prisoners were defended by Mr Brereton.

John Butlin, P. C., sworn, deposed:—I am stationed at Hungsham, a small station by the Docks, British Kowloon. On the 26th, I swore an information in this Court, before Mr Creagh (produced, and marked A). I obtained two warrants on that information, (produced); one is a search warrant (marked B), the other a warrant to arrest (marked C). I then placed myself in communication with Inspector Cameron, and we attempted to execute the warrant about 4 a.m. on the morning of the 27th. Inspector Cameron, Sergeant Fleming and a number of Chinese constables came to my station, and accompanied me, with three Indian constables from my station, to a house known to the Chinese as San Sun, situated in a stone quarry, near Tau-ka-wan. This is not a detached house. It is one of two houses under the same roof. There is a stone wall in front (play produce). With two Indian constables and one Chinese constable I went to the back of the house. I remained there only a minute. There was no means of escape there. I heard some noise and ran to the front of the house. This was about 4 a.m. We had some bull's-eye lamps with us, and could see, although but faintly, I found the Inspector bursting open the door, leading into the second yard. He was inside the front yard. He forced it open with his foot. I followed after him. I then saw the inner door opened. There was no light inside, but by the aid of our bull's-eye I saw a number of Chinese rushing out with spears; some threw stones, some bottles, some hammers. We then retreated from the second door-way to the outside of the compound, and surrounded the house in obedience to the order of the Inspector. The Chinese did not follow outside the house. I then saw two Chinese on the top of the house, one of whom I recognise as the first prisoner. They shortly afterwards went down. We remained there till daylight. A Chinese constable was standing at the gate at daylight. I saw Inspector Cameron standing inside the front compound. He called me and Sergeant Fleming inside, and as we went in I saw a number of Chinese standing there quietly. I was told to stand at the front gate and not allow any one to go out. Others came out from the house. They did not rush out. They came out quietly. Then some of the villagers came up, a dozen stood in the gate-way; they assisted in guarding the gate. The Inspector told me and Sergeant Fleming to seize and secure the offenders. I arrested prisoners Nos. 5, 6, 8, 17, 18, 19, and others, eight or nine of them in all, tied them together, and handed them over to the Chinese constables, who were there. Of these constables I recollect only the numbers 232 and 260. Sergeant Fleming and I arrested all these men between us—twenty-one of them, I went then, with the Inspector, to Yau Ma Tei, escorting the prisoners to the station house there. I then Police Constables Wm. Fisher No. 7, Police Constable James Myers, No. 61, and some Chinese Constables who were coming to our assistance. We handed over the prisoners to them, and with Inspector Cameron, Sergeant Fleming and P.C. Myers, went back to the house, which was in charge of Chinese P.C. 260, Lau Auui, and Indian P.C. Baghal Singh; they guarded the house in front, but were

not inside. We then searched the house,

and the list of articles found endorsed

on the back of the warrant. We

## To Let.

TO LET.

TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY.  
MARINE HOUSE—WEIR.  
FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS, and A  
GODOWN.

Apply to

E. R. BELLIOS,  
Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

TO LET—AT WANCHAI.

FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS.  
For further particulars, apply to  
SIEMSEN & Co.,  
Hongkong, April 24, 1879.

## TO LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)

NOS. 10 & 12, LYNDHURST TERRACE,  
at present occupied by MESSRS. NUR-  
SER KESSOWEE & Co.

Apply to

LINSTEAD & Co.,  
Hongkong, April 24, 1879.

TO LET—AT WANCHAI.

FIRST CLASS  
GODOWNS.  
Goods of every description Landed and  
Stored.

For terms, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co.,  
Hongkong, April 4, 1879.

## TO LET.

OFFICES in CLUB CHAMBERS.  
Apply to  
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,  
Hongkong, April 8, 1879.

## TO LET.

PORTION OF A HOUSE, very suitable  
for OFFICES and DWELLING, also  
for a STORE, Queen's Road Central.  
Possession 1st March next.

Apply to  
LANDSTEIN & Co.,  
Hongkong, February 4, 1879.

TO LET.

IN the House on MARINE LOT 65,  
formerly known as the Blue Houses,  
situate on Praya East—  
FIRST FLOORS of Nos. 2, 3 and 4,  
Praya East, with immediate possession.

As also,

FIRST CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS,  
attached to Blue Houses at Wanchai,  
Marine Lot 65, and BASEMENT NO. 3.

Also,

A SPACIOUS TIMBER YARD, close  
to the Wanchai Pier. Timber received on  
Storage or the Yard Rented.

For further particulars, apply to

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, March 4, 1879.

TO BE LET.

TWO Excellent STONE-FLOORED  
GODOWNS, on Marine Lot No. 10,  
Praya Central.  
Apply to  
TURNER & Co.,  
Hongkong, August 1, 1879.

TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS OFFICES and GO-  
DOWNS, Nos. 54 and 60,  
Praya Central.  
Apply to  
WO HANG,  
Nos. 6 and 7, Praya West.  
Hongkong, January 2, 1879.

N.B.—

STEAM FOR  
SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE  
GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA,  
BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MED-  
TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-  
AMPTON, AND LONDON;  
VIA BOMBAY.

ALSO  
BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND  
AUSTRALIA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM  
NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship  
NIZAM, Captain A. E. Barlow, will  
leave this on TUESDAY, the 6th May, at  
Noon.

Tea and General Cargo for London will  
be conveyed via Bombay without tranship-  
ment, arriving one week later than by the  
direct route. Silk and Valuables will be  
transferred to the Calcutta steamer at  
Galle.

For further Particulars, apply to

A. MCLEVER, Superintendent.

Hongkong, April 23, 1879.

Mails.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES  
MARITIMES,  
PAQUEBOATS POSTE FRANCAIS.  
STEAM FOR  
SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,  
POINT DE GALLE,  
ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT  
SAID, NAPLES, AND  
MARSEILLES;

ALSO,  
PONDICHERY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA  
AND ALL INDIAN PORTS.

ON TUESDAY, the 29th April, 1879,  
at Noon, the Company's S. S.  
PEIHO, Commandant PASQUALINI, with  
MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and  
CARGO, will leave this Port for the  
above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for  
London as well as for Marseilles, and ac-  
cepted in transit through Marseilles for  
the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted until  
Noon.

Cargo will be received on board until  
4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m.  
on the 28th April, 1879. (Parcels are not  
to be sent on board; they must be left  
at the Agency's Office.)

Contents and value of Packages are  
required.

For further particulars, apply at the  
Company's Office.

G. de CHAMPEAUX,  
Agent.

Hongkong, April 21, 1879.

sp29

Occidental & Oriental Steam-  
ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND  
PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED  
STATES AND EUROPE,  
IN CONNECTION WITH THE  
CENTRAL

and,  
UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING  
RAILROAD COMPANIES

AND

ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. OCEANIC will be despatch-  
ed for San Francisco via Yokohama,  
on TUESDAY, May 6th, 1879, at 3  
p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for  
Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central  
and South America, and Europe.

Attention is invited to a considerable  
reduction in Premium for Life Insurance in  
China.

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and  
Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, AGENTS at Hongkong  
for the above Company, are prepared to grant  
Policies against FIRE on Buildings, or  
on Goods in the same, at the  
usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20  
per cent.

Attention is invited to a considerable  
reduction in Premium for Life Insurance in  
China.

GILMAN & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,  
(LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on  
Marine Risks to all parts of the World.  
In accordance with the Company's Articles  
of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit,  
are distributed annually to Contributors  
whether Shareholders or not, in proportion  
to the net amount of Premium contributed  
by each, the remaining third being carried  
to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant  
Policies against the Risk of FIRE on  
Buildings or on Goods stored therein, or  
Goods on board Vessels and on Gulls of  
Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms  
and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be re-  
ceived, and transmitted to the Directors  
for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on  
first class Lines up to £1000 on a Single  
Life.

For Rates of Premium, forms of pro-  
posals or any other information, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,  
Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above  
Company, are prepared to grant In-  
surance at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.,  
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

SWISS LLOYD  
TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY  
OF WINTERTHUR.

THE Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents for the above Company, have  
This Day taken over charge of the Hong-  
kong Agency, and are prepared to grant  
INSURANCE on MARINE RISKS at Current  
Rates to all parts of the World.

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

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Insurances.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant  
Policies against FIRE to the extent of  
£48,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored  
therein, at current local rates, subject to a  
Discount of 20% on the Premium.

NORTON & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of  
China and Japan, and at Singapore,  
Saigon and Penang.

Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance  
granted at the rates of Premium current at  
the above places.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER  
of

His Majesty King George The First,  
A. D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents for the above Corporation are  
prepared to grant Insurances as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either  
here, in London or at the principal Ports  
of India, China and Australasia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at  
current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding  
£5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLIDAY, WISE & Co.,  
Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-  
ANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed  
AGENTS in Hongkong for the above-named  
Company, are prepared to Grant  
Policies against FIRE on Buildings and  
on Goods to the extent of £50,000, at the  
usual Rates, subject to an immediate Dis-  
count of 20 per cent.

Attention is invited to a considerable  
reduction in Premium for Life Insurance in  
China.

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and  
Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

GILMAN & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,  
(LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned AGENTS at Hongkong  
for the above Company, are prepared to grant  
Policies against FIRE, to the extent of  
£10,000 on any Building, or  
on Merchandise in the same, at the  
usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20  
per cent.

GILMAN & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, August 13, 1878.

NOTES and QUERIES.—

A Few Petty Additions to Dr Douglas'

Dictionary.

Trouts in China.

Ancient Vases.

Inheritance.

Greeting the Spring.

Adoption.

The Term Kwai.

Mongol and Yuan-pao.

Leasehold Usage.

Chinese Coins.

Circumlocution of the King of Loochoo.

The Oniugur Alphabet.

Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c.

China Mail Office.

Hongkong, March 21, 1879.

INSURANCES.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above  
Company, are prepared to grant In-  
surance at current rates.

<div data-bbox="231 798 370 80